



*Fig. 2* 

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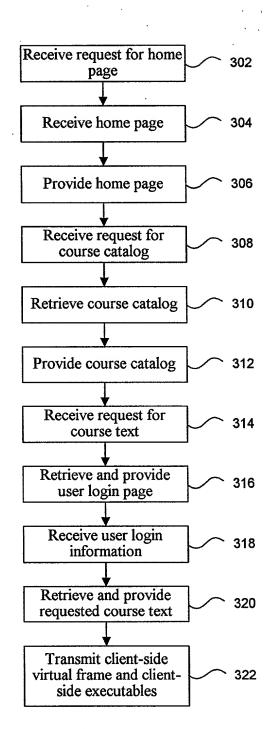
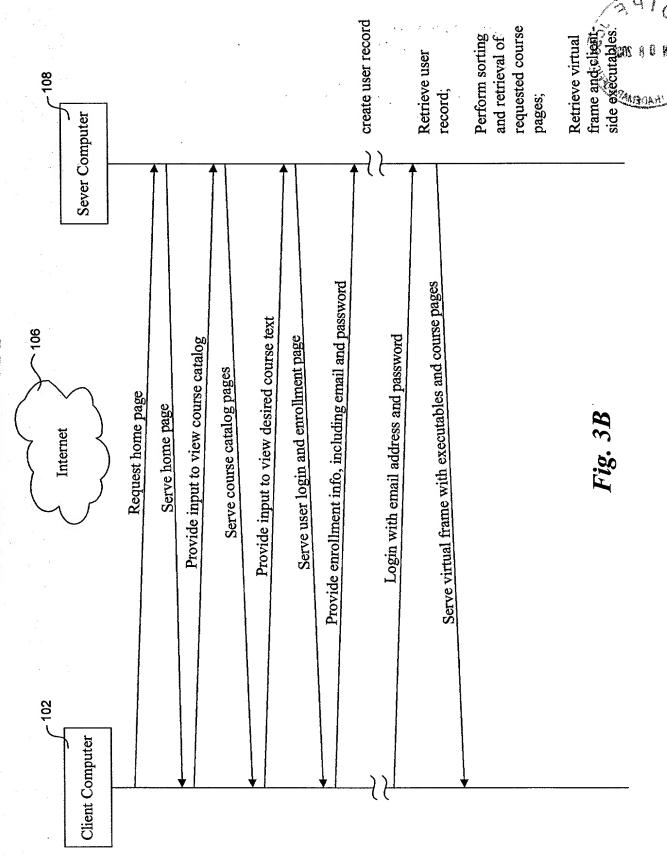


Fig. 3A



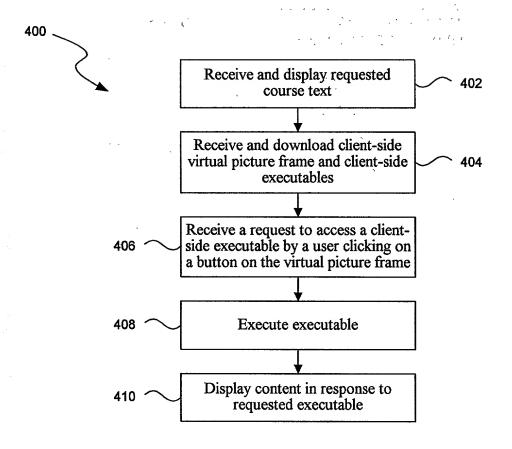


Fig. 4

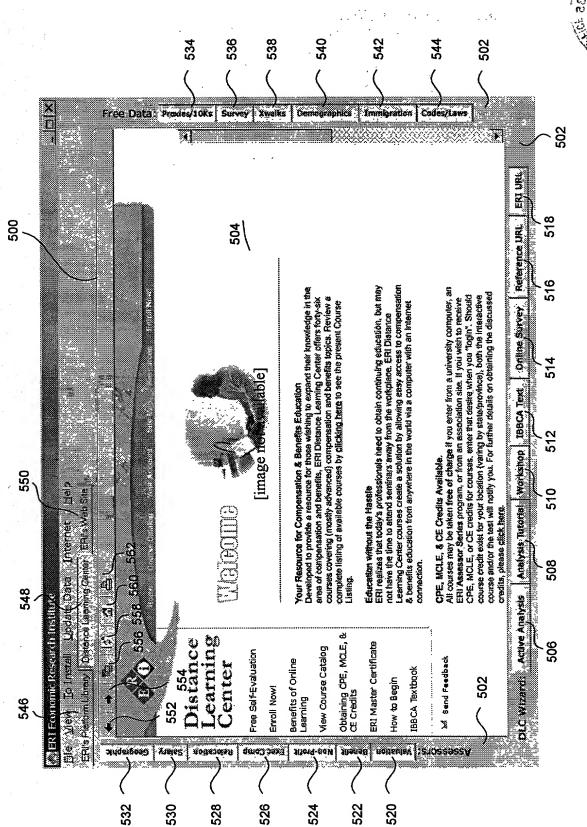
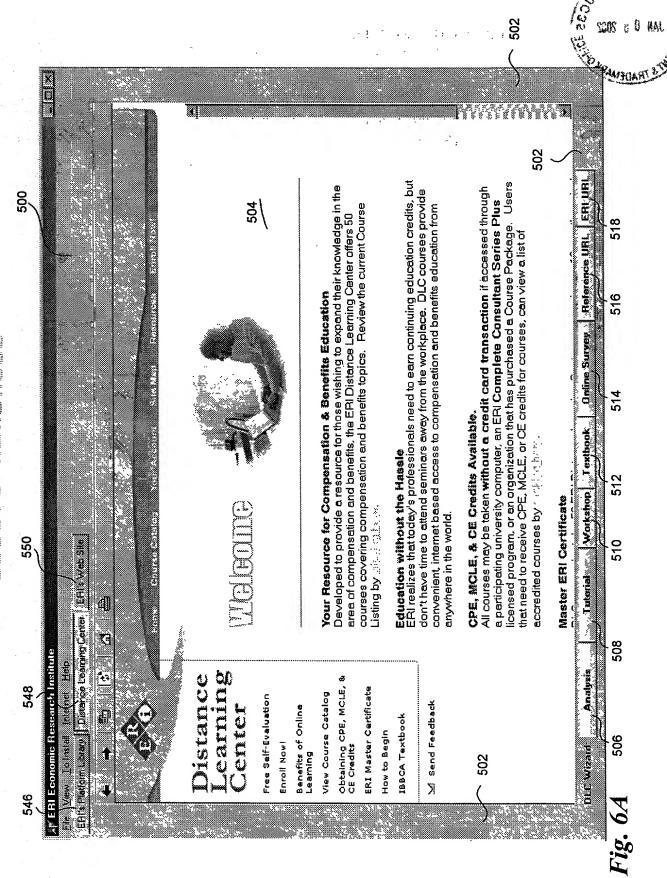
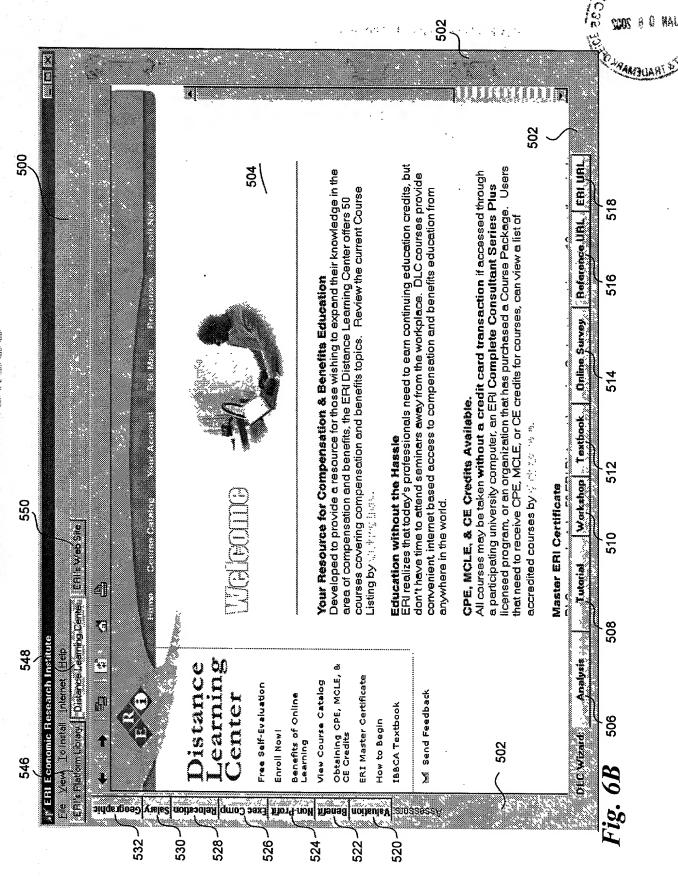


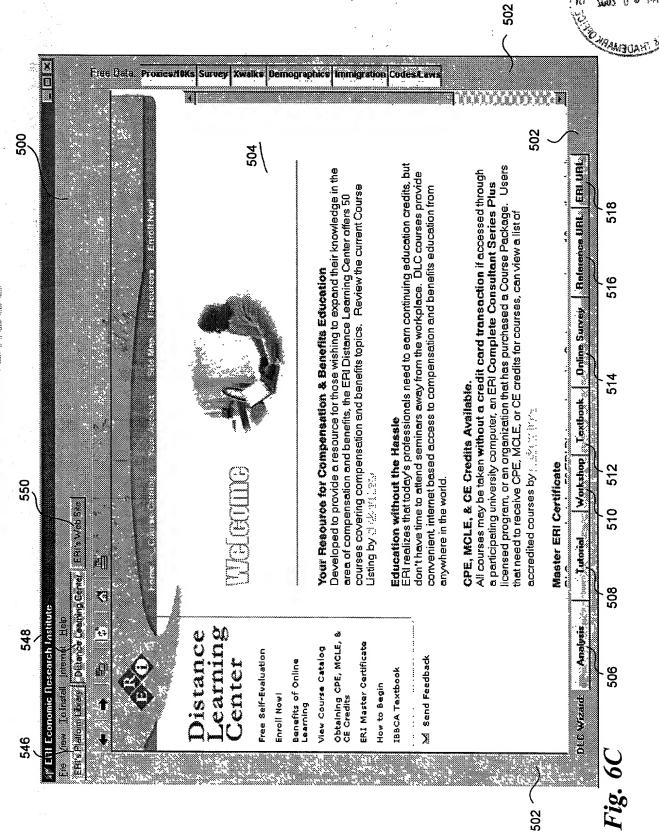
Fig. 5

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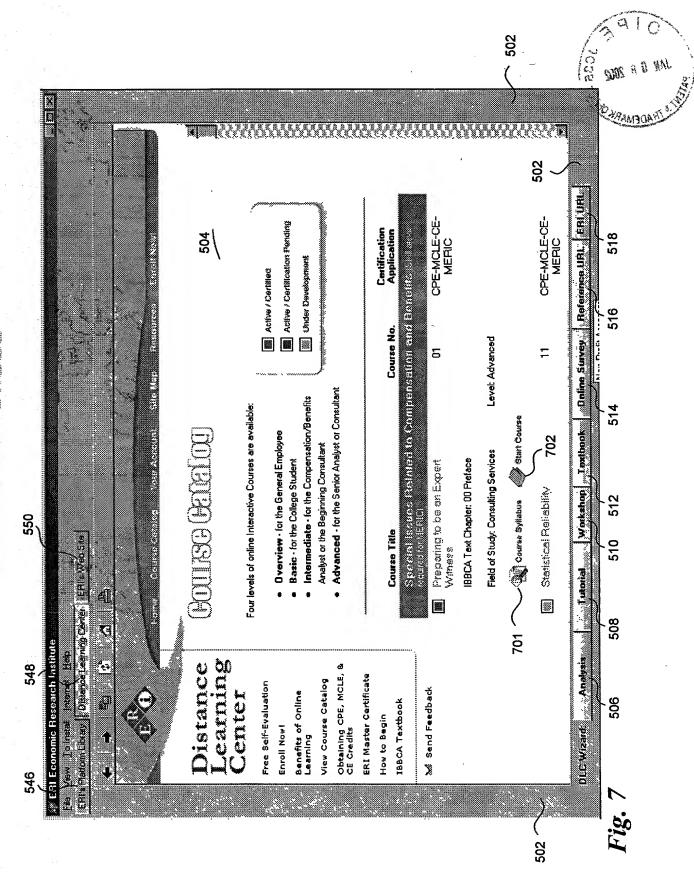
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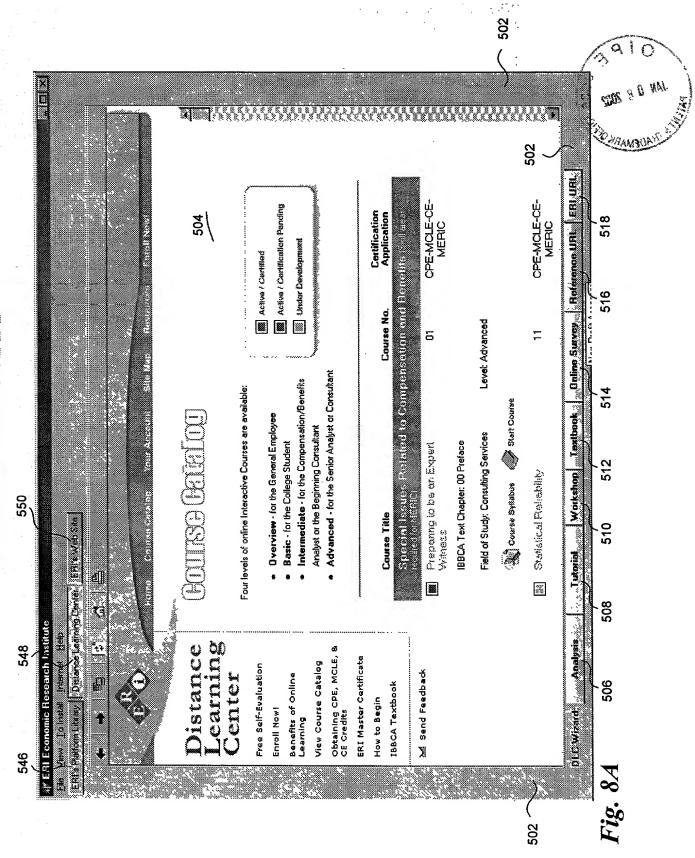


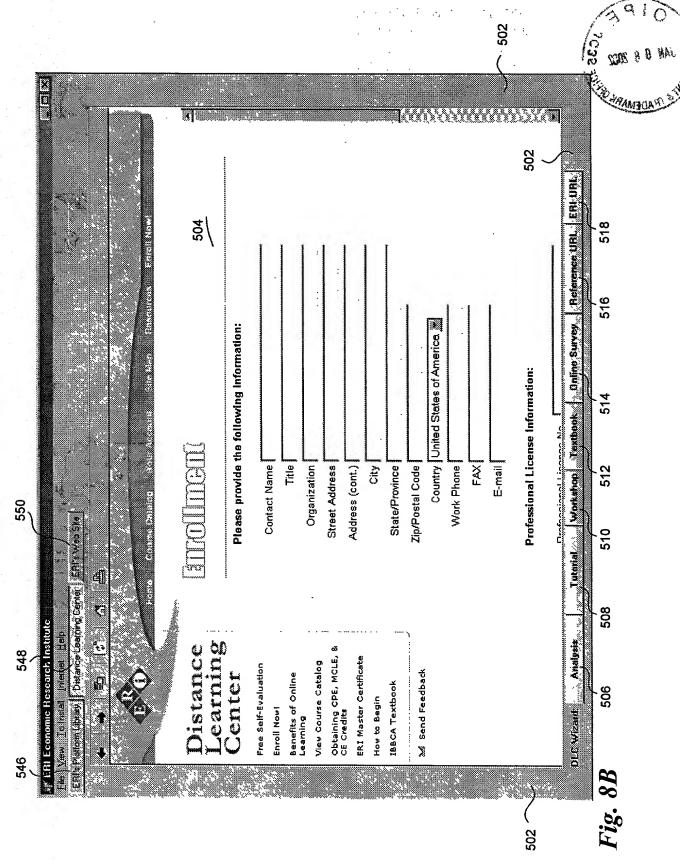


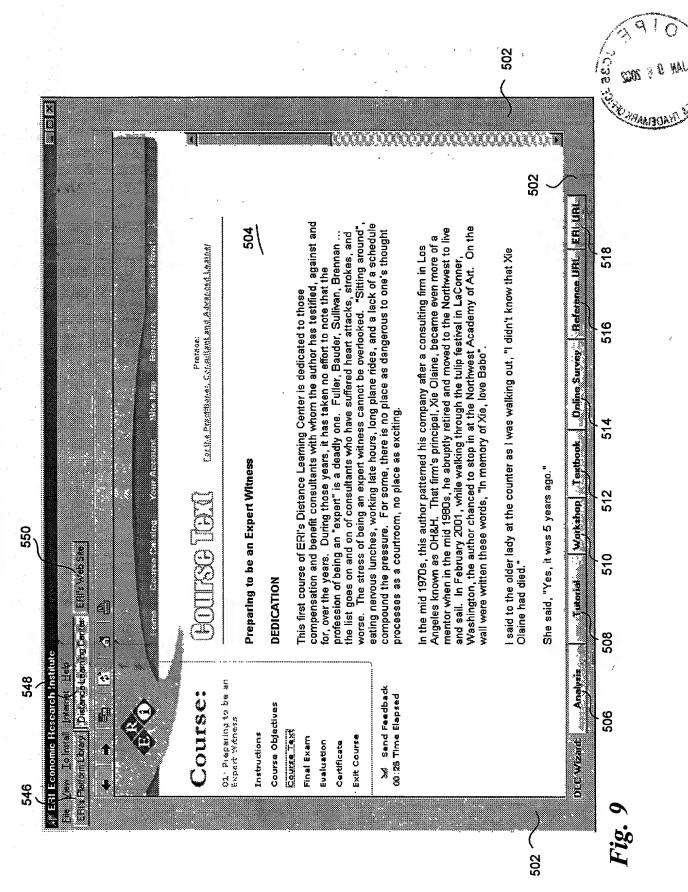


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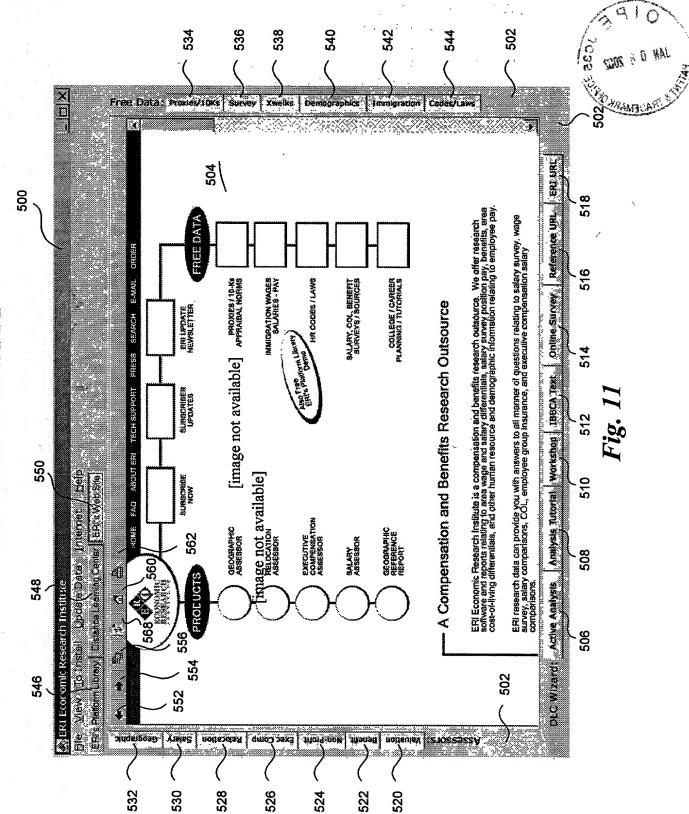
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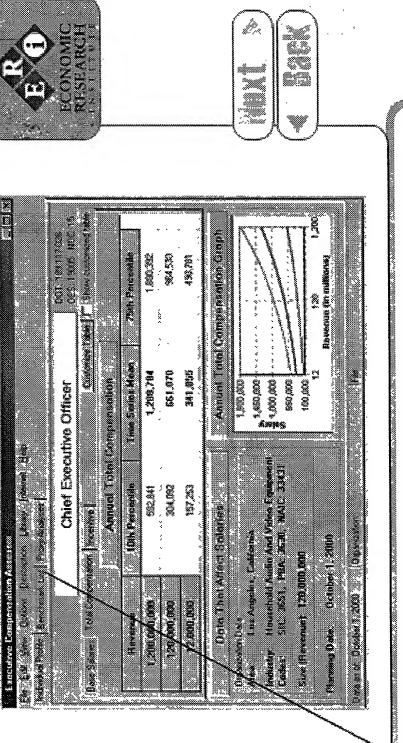
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AAAShowMe Company Demo Data Update Data Non-Profit & Public Sources & Xwalks ax Codes & Laws Proxies & 10-Ks Copyright @ 1996 - 2001 ERI Economic Research Institute Patent Pending **Executive Compensation Assessor** 8/ ministration in the second Geographic Assessor **Comparables** Relocation Assessor Salary Assessor ERI'S Platform Library Self-Study

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From the Individual Profile screen, click the tab labeled Proxy Analyses to bring up the Proxy Analyses table.



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ERI Benefit & Compensation Administration Assessor

#### Welcome

rternet-based beneffs communications (*BeneftsReview.com*) like Aetna and iBenefits, with software applications specifically Administration Assessor is designed to combine the power of these Internet applications and other on-line benefit providers designed to meet the needs of the Human Resources Salaries Review.com). The Benefit & Compensation and on-line U.S. and Canadian Benefits Surveys Administrator.

# Please click on a module at left to view more information.

Benefit & Compensation Administration Assessor please visit To download and install the latest beta-test version of the www.erieri.com/Subscriber%20Updates/updates.htm

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- Salapy Increase Budgeting/Plans
- Relocation Labor Cost Modeling.
- Incentive and Gain Sharing Plans

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- Employee Benefit 5500 Reporting
- Benefit Plan Discrimination Testing
- Human Resource Codes/Laws

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For the last several years, ERI has experimented with

On-Line Employee Benefit Claims Review

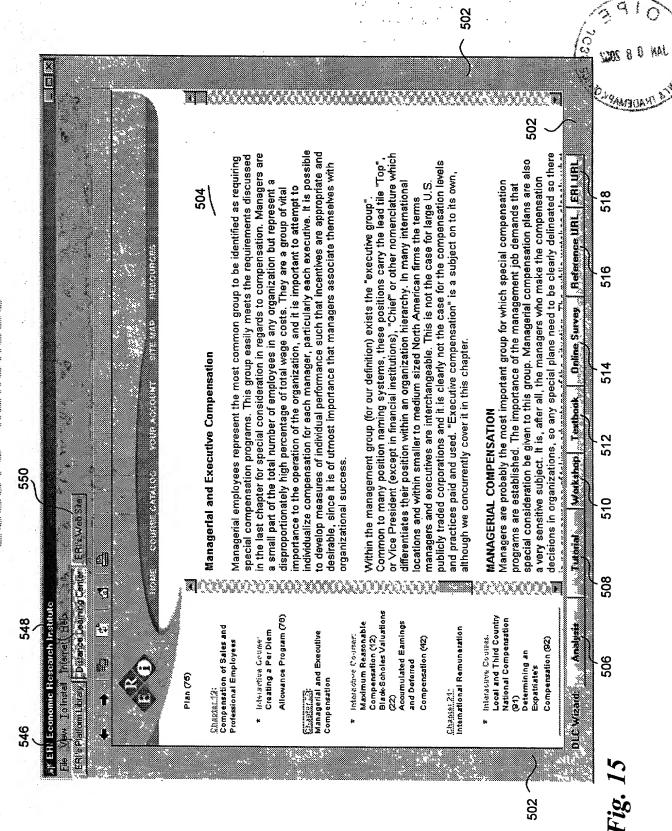
Employee Human Resources Database

Benefit & Compensation Plan Database

On-Line Benefit Enrollment/Changes

Employee Benefit Communications

Frequently Asked Questions



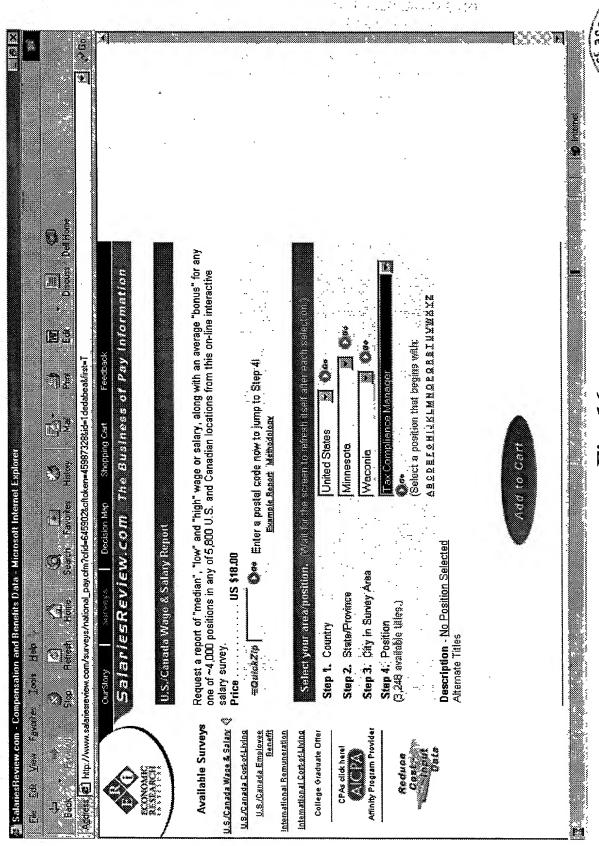
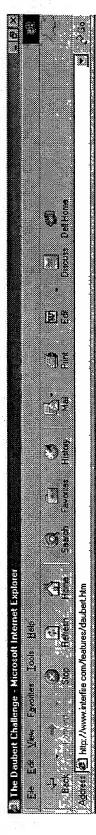


Fig. 16

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Fire Scene Investigation:

Guy E. Burnette , Jr., Esquire Butter Burnette Pappas skyllydfestabolary.com.

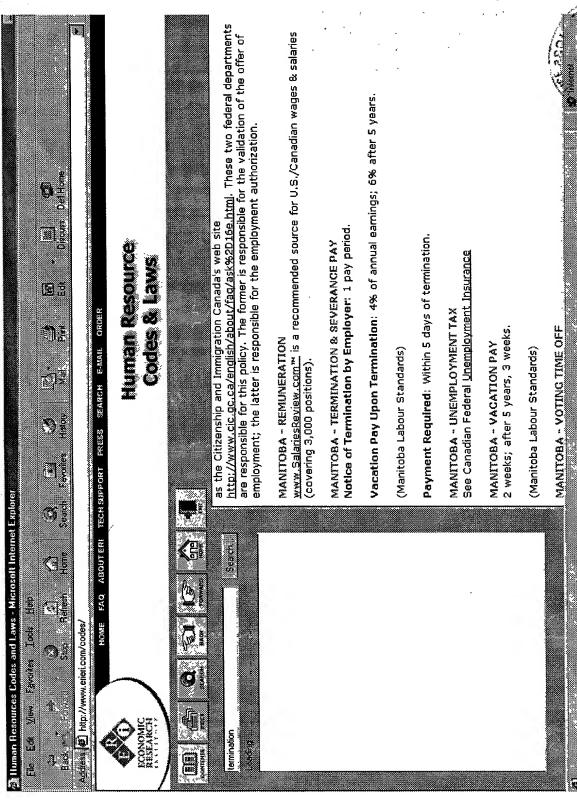
## The Daubert Challenge

In 1923, the United States Circuit Court for the District of Columbia, in the case of *Frye v. United States*, 54 App. D.C. 46, 293 F. 1013 (1923) established a threshold standard for the admission of expert testimony in in developing an opinion be of the kind "generally accepted" by other practitioners within that particular discipline. This standard of "general acceptance" was universally adopted and subsequently used in both federal and state courts for over 70 years. It is still used today in a number of state court jurisdictions. However, a new standard of admissibility in federal court cases was established in 1993 which has since been adopted in a growing number of state court systems. As this new standard has recently been applied to fire scene investigation, it presents a significant challenge to the traditional admissibility of fire origin and cause federal court cases. That standard imposed a requirement that the data and methodology used by the expert :estimony. In 1975, Congress enacted Federal Rule of Evidence 702, which was intended to simplify and liberalize the admission of expert testimony. That rule states: If scientific, technical, or other specialized knowledge will assist the trier of fact to understand the evidence or to determine a fact in issue, a witness qualified as an expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education, may testify thereto in the form of an opinion or otherwise.

did not directly address the legal standard for measuring the foundation of an expert's conclusions. The Frye standard of "general acceptance" continued to be used until the Supreme Court issued it's opinion in Daubert v. Merriil-Dow Pharmaceuticals, 509 U.S. 579, 113 S. Ct. 2786, 125 L.Ed.2d 469 (1993). In *Daubert* the Court ruled that the Frye test had been effectively abolished by Rule 702 and the federal courts must now While Rule 702 was intended to broaden the general admissibility of expert testimony and certainly did so, it apply a new standard for the admission of expert testimony.

Daubert was a case involving birth defects allegedly cause by the mother's use of Bendectin, an anti-nausea drug, during her pregnancy. Merrill-Dow moved for summary judgment in the case, claiming its drug had not caused the injury to the child. In support of its motion, Merrill-Daw submitted the affidayit of a physician and

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